Air conditioner Installation manual

AR50F**C1*** / AR60F**C1*** / AR70F**CA***

• Thank you for purchasing this Samsung air conditioner.

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• Before installing this unit, please read this installation manual carefully and retain it for future reference.

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Original instructions

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Safety Information

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Safety Information

WARNING: Read This Manual

Read and follow all safety information and instructions before installation, use, or maintenance of this appliance. Incorrect installation, use, or maintenance of this appliance can result in death, serious injury, or property damage. Keep these instructions with this appliance. This manual is subject to change. For the latest version, visit www.samsung.com.

Notices and notes

To make you aware of safety messages and highlighted information, we use the following notices and notes throughout this manual:

WARNING

Hazards or unsafe practices that may result in severe personal injury or death.

CAUTION

Hazards or unsafe practices that may result in minor personal injury or property damage.

IMPORTANT

Information of special interest

NOTE

Supplementary information that may be useful



WARNING: Low burning velocity material (This appliance is filled with R-32.)

The user and installer guides should be read carefully.

The user and installer guides should be read carefully.



The service quide should be read carefully.

WARNING

The installation and testing of this appliance must be performed by a qualified technician.

The instructions in this manual are not intended as a substitute for proper training or adequate experience in the safe installation of the appliance.

Always install the air conditioner in compliance with current local. state. and federal safety standards.

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

This unit is a partial unit air conditioner, complying with partial unit requirements of IEC 60335-2-40, and must only be connected to other units that have been confirmed as complying with corresponding partial unit requirements of IEC 60335-2-40.

General information

- The air conditioner should be used only for the applications for which it has been designed: the indoor unit is not suitable to be installed in areas used for laundry.
- Wear protective equipment (such as safety gloves. goggles, and headgear) during installation and maintanence works. Installation/repair technicians may be injured if protective equipment is not properly equipped.
- Do not use means to accelerate the defrost operation or to clean, other than those recommended by Samsung.
- Do not pierce or burn.
- Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.

Installation of the product

- Our units must be installed in compliance with the spaces indicated in the installation manual to ensure either accessibility from both sides or ability to perform routine maintenance and repairs. The units components must be accessible so that they can be disassembled under completely safe conditions for people and surrounding objects. For this reason of accessibility, if the unit is not installed in accordance with the Installation Manual, the costs necessary to reach and repair the unit (in a safe manner, as required by current regulations in force) with rope slings, trucks, scaffolding or any other rigging or lifting tools will not be in warranty and will be charged to end users
- The outdoor unit shall be installed in an open space that is always ventilated.
- The local gas regulations shall be observed.

Safety Information

- To handle, purge, and dispose the refrigerant, or break into the refrigerant circuit, the worker should have a certificate from an industry-accredited authority.
- The installation of pipings shall be kept to a minimum.
- Do not install the indoor unit in the following areas:
 - Area filled with minerals, splashed oil, or steam. It will deteriorate plastic parts, causing failure or leakage.
 - Area that is close to heat sources.
 - Area that produces substances such as sulfuric gas, chlorine gas, acid, and alkali. It may cause corrosion of the pipings and brazed joints.
 - Area that can cause leakage of combustible gas and suspension of carbon fibers, flammable dust, or volatile flammables.
 - Area where refrigerant leaks and settles.
 - Area where animals may urinate on the product and the product may get in contact with ammonia.
- Do not use the indoor unit for preservation of food items, plants, equipment, and art works. This may cause deterioration of their quality.
- Do not install the indoor unit if it has any drainage problem.
- Because your air conditioner contains R-32 refrigerant, make sure that it is installed, operated, and stored in a room whose floor area is larger than the minimum required floor area specified in the following table:

Wall-mounted type		
m (kg)	A (m²)	
≤1.842	No requirement	
1.843	4.45	
1.9	4.58	
2.0	4.83	
2.2	5.31	
2.4	5.79	
2.6	6.39	
2.8	7.41	
3.0	8.51	

- m : Total refrigerant charge in the system
- A : Minimum required floor area
- IMPORTANT: it's mandatory to consider either the table above or to the local law regarding the minimum living space of the premises.
- Minimum installation height of indoor unit is 1.8m for wall, 2.2m for ceiling.
- The actual refrigerant charge shall be in accordance with the room size in which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.

- Make sure that the fan and fan mechanism are operating adequately and the air intake and outlets are not obstructed.
- Marking to the equipment shall continue to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
- Refrigerating pipe or components shall be installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to corrosion or are suitably protected against this corrosive environment.

Installation of the outdoor unit

- While installing or relocating the product, do not mix the refrigerant with other gases including air or unspecified refrigerant. Failure to do so may cause pressure increase to result in rupture or injury.
- Do not cut or burn the refrigerant container or pipings.
- Use clean parts such as manifold gauge, vacuum pump, and charging hose for the refrigerant.
- Installation of the product must be carried out by personnel that is qualified for handling the refrigerant in accordance with the applicable refrigerant laws and regulations.
- The refrigerant pipes should be kept absolutely clean and free from any foreign substance such as lubricating oil, water, dust etc. For storage, securely seal the openings of the refrigerant pipes.
- If oil or refrigerant gets in contact with the drain pipes or other parts of the drainage system, this may result in drain leakage.
- When mechanical ventilation is required, ventilation openings shall be kept clear of obstruction.
- For disposal of the product, follow the local laws and regulations.
- Do not work in a confined place.

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- To prevent any potential injuries, post warning signs to prevent the general public from accessing the work area.
- The refrigerant pipes shall not be installed in a place where they may get in contact with substances that can lead to corrosion of the pipes.
- The following checks shall be performed for installation:
 - The charging amount depends on the room size.
 - The ventilation devices and outlets are operating normally and are not obstructed.
 - Markings and signs on the equipment shall be visible and legible.
- Upon leakage of the refrigerant, ventilate the room.
 When the leaked refrigerant is exposed to flames or other ignition sources, it may cause generation of toxic gases.
- Make sure that the work area is safe from flammable substances.

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Safety Information

- To purge air in the refrigerant, be sure to use a vacuum pump.
- Note that the refrigerant has no odour.
- The units are not explosion proof so they must be installed with no risk of explosion.
- This product contains fluorinated gases that contribute to global greenhouse effect. Accordingly, do not vent gases into the atmosphere.
- The models that use the refrigerant R-32 have a different thread diameter for the charging port to prevent charging failure. Therefore, check its diameter (12.70 mm) in advance.
- Servicing shall be performed as recommended by the manufacturer. In case other skilled persons are joined for servicing, it shall be carried out under supervision of the person who is competent in handling flammable refrigerants and in accordance with applicable local laws and regulations.
- For servicing the units containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are required to minimise the risk of ignition.
- Servicing shall be performed following the correct procedure to minimize the risk of flammable refrigerant or gases.
- Do not install where there is a risk of combustible gas leakage.
- Do not install the outdoor unit near a heat sources (for example, open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater)
- Be cautious not to generate a spark as follows:
 - Do not remove the fuses with power on.
 - Do not disconnect the power plug from the wall outlet with power on.
 - It is recommended to locate the wall outlet in a high position. Place the power cords so that they are not tangled.
- If the indoor unit is not R-32 compatible, an error signal appears and the unit will not operate.
- After installation, check for leakage. Toxic gas may be generated and if it comes into contact with an ignition source such as fan heater, stove, and fan heater, stove and oven, make sure that only the refrigerant recovery cylinders are used.
- After installation is complete, remove the protective film on the product (For AR50F**C1***, AR60F**C1*** models)

Preparation of fire extinguisher

- If a hot work is to be done, an appropriate fire extinguishing equipment should be readily available.
- A dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher shall be equipped near the charging area.

Ignition sources free

- Make sure to store the units in a place without continuously operating ignition sources (for example, open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).
- The service engineers shall not use any ignition sources that may present a risk of fire or explosion in the event of a refrigerant leak.
- Potential ignition sources shall be kept away from the work area where the flammable refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding.
- The work area should be checked to ensure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. The "No Smoking" sign shall be attached.
- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used while in detection of leakage.
- Make sure that the seals or sealing materials are in good condition and have not degraded
- Replace components only with parts specified by Samsung. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.
- Ducts connected to the product shall not contain a potential ignition source.

Area ventilation

- Make sure that the work area is well ventilated before performing hot work.
- Ventilation shall be made even during the work.
- Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.

Leakage detection methods

- Electronic leak detectors shall be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
- Make sure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition.

Safety Information

- Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL (Lower flammable limit) of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the applicable type of refrigerant and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.
- The use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided for cleaning because the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the pipings.
- If leakage is suspected, naked flames shall be removed.
- If a leakage is found during brazing, the entire refrigerant shall be recovered from the product or isolated (e.g. using shut-off valves). It shall not be directly released to the environment. Oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall be used for purging the system before and during the brazing process.
- The work area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector before and during work.
- Ensure that the leakage detector is appropriate for use with flammable refrigerants.

Labelling

- The parts shall be labelled to ensure that they have been decommissioned and emptied of refrigerant.
- The labels shall be dated.
- Make sure that the labels are affixed on the system to notify it contains flammable refrigerant.

Refrigerant-related works

- Before performingrefrigerant-related work, make sure the following:
 - Capacitors are discharged. Discharging capacitors must be done safely to avoid the possibility of sparking.
 - No live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering, or purging refrigerant from the system.
 - There is continuity of earth bonding.

Recovery

- When removing refrigerant from the system for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended to remove the entire refrigerant.
- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, make sure that only the refrigerant recovery cylinders are used.
- All cylinders used for the recovered refrigerant shall be labelled.

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- Cylinders shall be equipped with pressure relief valves and shut-off valves in a proper order.
- Empty recovery cylinders should be vacuumed before recovery.
- The recovery system shall operate normally according to the specified instructions and shall be suitable for refrigerant recovery.
- In addition, the calibration scales shall operate normally.
- Hoses shall be equipped with leak-free disconnect couplings.
- Before starting the recovery, please check the state of the recovery system and the gas seals. If in doubt, consult with the manufacturer of the recovery system.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the supplier in the correct recovery cylinders with the Waste Transfer Note attached.
- Do not mix refrigerants in the recovery units or cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, make sure that they have been evacuated to the acceptable level to ensure that flammable refrigerant does not remain in the lubricant.
- The evacuation process shall be performed before sending the compressor to the suppliers.
- Only the electrical heating to the compressor body is allowed to accelerate the process.
- Oil shall be drained safely from the system.
- Never install motor-driven equipment to to prevent possible ignition.

Power supply line, fuse, or circuit breaker

- Be sure not to perform power cable modification, extension wiring, and multiple wire connection.
 - It may cause electric shock or fire due to poor connection, poor insulation, or current limit override.
 - When extension wiring is required due to power line damage, refer to "Step 2-5 Optional: Extending the power cable" in the installation manual.
- All power wiring and communication cables must comply with applicable local and national codes.

Preparation

Step 1-1 Viewing the typical installation

A typical installation will be similar to the one shown below.



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• For the product that uses the R-32 refrigerant, Install the indoor unit on the wall 1.8 m or higher from the floor.

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Preparation

Step 1-2 Choosing the installation location

If using a multi split system, install as described in the installation manual supplied with the outdoor unit.

/ WARNING

- Verify that a dedicated circuit breaker and a disconnect switch of the appropriate sizes for the air conditioner are preinstalled and available for use.
- Verify that the voltage and frequency of the power supply comply with the rated voltage as defined on the unit name plate.
- Verify that a suitable grounding connection is available.
- Do not install this appliance in an environment containing hazardous substances or close to equipment that releases open flames.
- Do not install this appliance near a heater or flammable material.

- The manufacturer shall not be responsible for damage occurring as a result of the wrong voltage or frequency being applied to this air conditioner.
- The indoor and outdoor units must be installed in compliance with minimum clearances to ensure that both units are accessible from both sides and can be maintained or repaired. Insufficient clearance may reduce product performance, generate excessive noise, and reduce the life of some unit components.

IMPORTANT

 Any changes or modifications to the installation described in this manual that are not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the manufacturer's warranty.

To determine where to locate the indoor and outdoor units, you must survey the entire site and consider many variables. The goal is to select locations that comply with all safety precautions while also minimizing the total effort involved.

Indoor unit location requirements

🖄 WARNING

- Do not install the unit in a humid, oily, or dusty location or in a location exposed to direct sunlight, water, or rain.
- Make sure that the wall can support the unit weight.

Examine the area that the customer wants to be air conditioned. Consider the following:

- What wall location will meet minimum clearances and provide optimal product performance?
- Will the wall provide adequate support for the unit weight (wall with stud construction or concrete)? If applicable, where are the studs?
- Where will you place the wall penetration for routing the piping bundle (consisting of power and communication cables, refrigerant pipes, and the drain hose) through the wall to the outdoor unit? Will the hole intersect any plumbing or wires in the wall?
- Will the condensate drain pipe run from the indoor unit to outside the home so that condensate water will naturally flow outside by gravity or will the drain pipe be connected to a condensate pump?

🖹 NOTE

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 This manual covers a typical gravity-drain installation where the drain hose is routed to the outdoor unit through a hole in the wall.

Minimum clearances for the indoor unit



Outdoor unit location requirements

Examine the area where the outdoor unit could be located. Consider the following:

- What location will meet minimum clearances and provide optimal product performance?
- Is there an existing level and hard foundation, such as a concrete pad, that will support the unit weight and absorb minimal vibration? Installation on uneven ground may result in abnormal vibrations, noise, or problems with the unit.
- Does the unit need to be mounted on the wall?
- Where are the dedicated circuit breaker and disconnect switch located? How will you connect them to the unit?
- How will you route the piping bundle from the indoor unit? Is the location as close as possible to where the indoor unit will be installed, to minimize the length of pipe and cables and at the same time ensure the required minimum piping length?
- Will the unit be sheltered from the wind? In a high-wind area, you may need to build a protective fence around the unit.
- Where will the condensate drain be installed?

\land WARNING

 The drain location must allow condensate to drain properly and prevent ice from forming on the unit in winter. If a block of ice falls from the unit, it may result in property damage, serious injury or even death. Improper or inadequate draining may result in water overflowing and property damage.

 Do not connect the drain hose to existing waste pipes as odors may arise.

Installation on an exterior wall

If the outdoor unit must be installed on an exterior wall, you will need an L-bracket to support the unit. This bracket is not included with the unit.

🕂 WARNING

 The wall must be capable of supporting the weight of both the L-bracket and the outdoor unit. If the unit falls, it may result in crushing, electric shock, fire, or explosion that could cause death, severe personal injury, or property damage.

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Installation Guide at the seashore

Make sure to follow below guides when installing at the seashore.

- 1 Do not install the product in a place where it is directly exposed to sea water and sea breeze.
 - Make sure to install the product behind a structure (such as building) that can block see breeze.
 - Even when it is inevitable to install the product in seashore, make sure that product is not directly exposed to sea breeze by installing a protection wall.
- **2** Consider that the salinity particles clinging to the external panels should be sufficiently washed out.
- 3 Because the residual water at the bottom of the outdoor unit significantly promotes corrosion, make sure that the unit is absolutely level so that the slope of the drain pan does not disturb drainage.
 - Keep the floor level so that rain does not accumulate.
 Be careful that the drain hole will never be blocked.
- 4 When product is installed in seashore, periodically clean it with water to remove attached salinity.
- 5 Make sure to install the product in a place that provides smooth water drainage. Especially, ensure that the base part has good drainage.
- 6 If the product is damaged during the installation or maintenance, make sure to repair it.
- 7 Check the condition of the product periodically.
 - Check the installation site every 3 months and perform anti-corrosion treatment such as commercial water repellent grease and wax, etc., based on the product condition.
 - When the product is to be shut down for a long period of time, such as off-peak hours, take appropriate measures like covering the product.
- 8 If the product installed within 500m of seashore, special anti-corrosion treatment is required.
 - * Please contact your local SAMSUNG representative for further details.

Preparation





 Protection wall should be constructed with a solid material that can block the sea breeze and the height and width of the wall should be 1.5 times larger than the size of the outdoor unit. (You must secure more than 600 mm of space between the protection wall and the outdoor unit for air circulation.)

Minimum clearances for the outdoor unit

If there is an obstacle in front of the air vent, keep the outdoor unit at a distance of at least 700 mm from the obstacle.

Legends:



Examples for installing one outdoor unit:

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Examples for installing multiple outdoor units:

Step 1-3 Unpacking

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Upon receipt, inspect the product to verify that it has not been damaged during transport. If the product appears damaged, do not install it and immediately report the damage to your local Samsung distributor.

Packing material must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Unpacking the indoor unit

At the selected indoor unit location:

- 1 Open the indoor unit package.
- 2 Remove the left and right cushions.
- **3** Carefully remove the unit from the package.
- **4** Place the unit on a flat surface where it will be protected from possible damage.

Unpacking the outdoor unit

At the selected outdoor unit location:

1 Remove the package.

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- 2 Remove the top cushion.
- 3 Carefully remove the unit from the bottom cushion.
- **4** Place the unit on a flat surface where it will be protected from possible damage.

Preparation

Step 1-4 Preparing materials and tools

Materials in the indoor unit package

Make sure that the indoor unit package contains the following materials:

Mounting bracket (1)	Remote control (1)
Quick guide (1)	Installation manual (1)
Holder remocon (1)	Extra M4 x 12 tapping screw (2)

Materials in the outdoor unit package

Make sure that the outdoor unit package contains the following materials:

Rubber foot (4)	Drain plug (1)
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If using a multi split system, refer to the manual supplied with the outdoor unit.

Optional accessories

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NOTE

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- A flare nut is attached to the end of each refrigerant pipe coming from the evaporator. Use these flare nuts when connecting the pipes.
- Wire assembly cables are optional. If they are not supplied, use standard cables.

Materials supplied by the installer

Make sure you have all other materials required for the selected installation method and location.

IMPORTANT

 No mounting hardware, tubing, cables, and other materials listed below are included with the appliance.

The required materials will vary, but may include the following:

- 1.8 m electrical wire for connecting the power from the installed disconnect switch to the outdoor unit
- UV-resistant vinyl line set tape for the exposed line set
- Lines-set cover and fittings, if used
- Miscellaneous pipe hangers
- Miscellaneous screws and anchors for hanging pipe hangers, the line-set cover, the indoor unit mounting bracket, and so on.
- Electrical ring connectors for connecting all power and communication wiring
- Electrical tape
- Refrigerant R-32 if additional refrigerant is required due to line-set length
- Closed cell foam tape insulation (roll)
- Outdoor unit risers or L-brackets for wall installation
- Silicone caulking for sealing the wall penetration
- Rags

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Tools

Make sure you have the required tools available.

General tools

- Vacuum pump (Backward flowing prevention)
- Manifold gauge
- Stud finder
- Torque wrench
- Pipe cutter
- Reamer
- Pipe bender
- Spirit level
- Screwdriver
- Spanner
- Drill
- L-wrench
- Measuring tape

Tools for test operation

Thermometer

- Resistance meter
- Electrical multimeter tool

Indoor Unit Installation

Step 2-1 Attaching the mounting bracket to the wall

1 Hold the mounting bracket against the wall at the selected installation position (Step 1-2 on page 8), making sure that the screw holes align with the center of the studs in the wall. If the screw locations do not align with the studs, use wall anchors.

- The recommended best practice is to attach the mounting bracket directly to the studs in the wall. If you did not find a suitable location with studs (in Step 1-2 on page 8), or if the wall is concrete, you must use wall anchors of a suitable type and weight capacity, and install them according to the manufacturer's instructions. Failure to do so may cause the material surrounding the joints to crumble over time and the screws to come loose from the wall. This may result in the unit falling from the wall, which could cause physical injury or equipment damage.
- 2 Using a level, make sure that the mounting bracket is level, then mark the location of the screw holes on the wall.
- **3** If using wall anchors, install them at the screw hole positions, following the manufacturer's instructions.
- 4 Using six field-supplied mounting screws and anchors (if applicable), attach the bracket to the wall.



Step 2-2 Drilling the wall penetration

- Determine the position of the hole through which the piping bundle (consisting of power and communication cables, refrigerant pipes, and the drain hose) will pass. Consider the following:
 - The hole inner diameter must be 65 mm.
 - The recommended hole location is behind the unit so that the hole and the piping bundle will not be visible in the room. The minimum distances between the hole and the mounting bracket are:



(Unit · mm)

			<u> </u>	,
Model		а	b	с
AR50F**C1***	А	165	305	416
AR60F**C1*** AR70F**CA***	В	165	305	486

- If the hole cannot be positioned behind the unit, find a position as close to the unit as possible. The piping bundle that exits the unit and extends to the hole will need to be attached to the wall and will be visible inside the room.
- In relation to the bracket shown above, the unit is shipped with the drain hose connection on the right, the drain hose exits the unit on the left, and the refrigerant pipes are bent to exit on the left. Thus, positioning the hole to the left requires the least effort. If you position the hole to the right or below the unit, you will need to move the drain hose connection to the left and bend the pipes so that the hose and pipes exit to the right or bottom. See the figure in step 3 on page 15.

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2 Use a standard 65 mm hole saw to drill one hole at the selected location, at a 15° downward angle so that the drain hose will drain properly.



3 Based on the hole location, determine where the piping bundle (drain hose, refrigerant pipes, and cables) will exit the unit.



🖹 NOTE

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• The left or right exit will only be used if the hole is not positioned behind the unit.

Step 2-3 Connecting the refrigerant pipes

Connect indoor and outdoor units with field-supplied copper pipes by means of flare connections. Use insulated seamless refrigeration grade pipe only, (Cu DHP type according to ISO1337), degreased and deoxidized, suitable for operating pressures of at least 4200 kPa and for burst pressure of at least 20700 kPa. Under no circumstances must sanitary type copper pipe be used.

IMPORTANT

 When installing the unit, always connect the refrigerant pipes first, followed by the electrical cables.
 For disassembly, always disassemble the electric cables before the refrigerant pipes. Two short refrigerant pipes are already attached to the air conditioner:

- The smaller-diameter pipe is for the high-pressure, two-phase refrigerant.
- The larger-diameter pipe is for the low-pressure refrigerant vapor.



In Step 2-2, step 3 you determined the exit position for the piping bundle. The unit has three knockouts available for the left, right, and bottom exits. When the bundle exits directly from the rear, none of the knockouts are used.

- If the pipes will exit directly from the rear, skip to step 3. Otherwise, cut out the appropriate knockout piece (left, right, or bottom).
- 2 Use a razor knife to clean the cut edges.
- 3 The left exit is the only position that does not require bending the pipes. For other positions, bend the pipes so that they will exit in the selected exit position.
 - The bending radius should be greater than 100 mm.
 - Bend the smaller pipe gradually to prevent kinking.
 The larger pipe has a preinstalled spring bender to prevent kinking.
 - Make sure that the pipes do not protrude from the back of the unit in a way that will make it difficult to attach the unit to the mounting bracket.
 - For right and bottom exits, pull the pipes out through the selected knockout opening. For left exits, the piping connections will be made in the service space behind the indoor unit (under the cover panel).

NOTE

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 If you are using the right rear exit, the pipes should be long enough to extend through the wall without needing to connect the line set first. It may be easier to connect the line set outside of the building, after you have bundled the pipes and cables and passed the bundle through the wall. In this case, do not connect the line set now. Instead, complete Step 2-4 through Step 2-7, then go outside and connect the line set as described below.

Indoor Unit Installation

- 4 Slowly remove the protective caps on the refrigerant pipe connections to relieve the nitrogen holding charge.
- 5 Connect the line set to each pipe.



6 Hand-tighten the flare nuts to make sure that they do not become stripped.



7 Torque the flare connections to the following values:

Outer diameter (mm)	Torque (N·m)
ø 6.35	14–18
ø 9.52	34-42
ø12.70	49-61
ø15.88	68-82

- Tighten the flare nuts only to the specified torque. If a flare nut is overtightened, the flare face may crack, causing refrigerant leakage.
- 8 Do not box in or cover the pipe connections. Make sure that the connections are accessible for testing later in the installation process and for future servicing.
- 9 Tape over the end of the pipes so that debris will not enter the piping when it is passed through the wall. The pipes will be insulated later in the installation process.

Step 2-4 Connecting the power and communication cables

If using a multi split system, install as described in the installation manual supplied with the outdoor unit.

🖄 WARNING

- Do not modify the power cable in any way. Doing so may cause electric shock or fire due to poor connection, poor insulation, or current limit override. Make sure to comply with the technical standards of electrical installations and the wiring regulations in the local area.
- This appliance must be properly grounded. Do not ground the appliance to a gas pipe, plastic water pipe, or telephone line. Failure to comply may result in electric shock, fire, and explosion.
- Make sure that cabling is not subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges, or adverse environmental effects. Take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.
- 1 Connect each wire to its corresponding terminal number.

Power cable	3G X 2.5 mm²,
(Outdoor unit)	H07RN-F
Outdoor-to-indoor	3G X 1.0 mm²,
power cable	H07RN-F
Communication cable	2 X 0.75 mm², H05RN-F
Type GL	16A



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 Connect the wires firmly so that wires cannot be pulled out. Loose wires can cause the connection to overheat.

Each circular terminal must match the size of its corresponding screw in the terminal block.

eal caution

 For the terminal block wiring, use a wire with a ring terminal socket only. Regular wires without a ring terminal socket may become a hazard as the connections may loosen during operation.

For the product that uses the R-32 refrigerant, be cautious not to generate a spark by keeping the following requirements:

- Do not remove the fuses with power on.
- Do not disconnect the power plug from the wall outlet with power on.
- It is recommended to locate the outlet in a high position. Place the cords so that they are not tangled.
- 2 Tighten the terminal block screw.



3 In Step 2-2, step 3 you determined the exit position for the piping bundle. If using the left, right, or bottom exits, pass the cables through the selected knockout.

NOTE

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- Power supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord. (Code designation IEC: 60245 IEC66/ CENELEC: H07RN-F, IEC: 60245 IEC57 CENELEC: H05RN-F, IEC: 60227 IEC53: H05VV-F)
- Power & Communication cable shall not exceed 30 m.

Indoor Unit Installation

Step 2-5 Optional: Extending the power cable

1 Prepare the following tools.

Tools	Spec	Shape
Crimping pliers	MH-14	
Connection sleeve (mm)	20xØ6.5 (HxOD)	\bigcirc
Insulation tape	Width 19 mm	
Contraction tube (mm)	70xØ8.0 (LxOD)	

- 2 As shown in the figure, peel off the shields from the rubber and wire of the power cable.
 - Peel off 20 mm of cable shields from the preinstalled tube.



- For information about the power cable specifications for indoor and outdoor units, refer to the installation manual.
- After peeling off cable wires from the pre-installed tube, insert a contraction tube..
- **3** Insert both sides of core wire of the power cable into the connection sleeve.
 - Method 1: Push the core wire into the sleeve from both sides.
 - Method 2: Twist the wire cores together and push it

into the sleeve.



- If cable wires are connected without using connecting sleeves, their contact area becomes reduced, or corrosion develops on the outer surfaces of the wires (copper wires) over a long time. This may cause an increase of resistance (reduction of passing current) and consequently may result in a fire.
- 4 Using a crimping tool, compress the two points and flip it over and compress another two points in the same location.
 - The compression dimension should be 8.0.



 After compressing it, pull both sides of the wire to make sure it is firmly pressed.



5 Apply heat to the contraction tube to contract it.



6 Wrap it with the insulation tape twice or more and position your contraction tube in the middle of the insulation tape.



7 After tube contraction work is completed, wrap it with the insulation tape to finish.

Three or more layers of insulation are required.



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- Make sure that the connection parts are not exposed to outside.
- Be sure to use insulation tape and a contraction tube made of approved reinforced insulating materials that have the same level of withstand voltage with the power cable. (Comply with the local regulations on extensions.)

\land WARNING

- In case of extending the electric wire, please DO NOT use a round-shaped Pressing socket.
 - Incomplete wire connections can cause electric shock or a fire.



Step 2-6 Connecting the drain hose

1 In Step 2-2, step 3 you determined the exit position for the piping bundle. If using the right, bottom, or right rear exit, change the drain hose connection from the right to the left so that the drain hose will lie along the inside of the unit and exit to the right.



- Be careful not to puncture the plug with the screwdriver when installing it.
- 2 If using the left, right, or bottom exit, pass the drain hose through the selected knockout.



3 Connect a 15.88 mm ID extension drain hose to the main drain hose.

Indoor Unit Installation

 If the diameter of the connection hose is smaller than the product's drain hose, leakage may occur.



- 4 Do not box in or cover the drain hose connection. It must be accessible for testing later in the installation process and for future servicing.
- 5 If the drain hose is routed inside the room, insulate the hose so that dripping condensation does not damage the furniture or floors.

Step 2-7 Taping the pipes, cables, and drain hose

 Wrap foam insulation around the refrigerant pipes, up to the connection points. The connections must remain accessible for testing later in the installation process. Either leave slits in the insulation or do not cover the connections.





2 Make a piping bundle by using vinyl tape to wrap together the refrigerant pipes, power cable, communication cable, and drain hose, up to the connection points. Connection points must remain accessible for testing later in the installation process.



Outdoor Unit Installation

If using a multi split system, install as described in the installation manual supplied with the outdoor unit.

Step 3-1 Mounting the outdoor unit

To promote proper condensate draining, the recommended installation of the outdoor unit is elevated above the ground on a mounting bracket attached to a concrete pad.

In areas where snowfall occurs, the unit must be mounted above the snow line to allow for proper heating. Snow cannot be allowed to collect on top of the unit, so a snow-proof hood or canopy might be required. For promoting natural drainage in a heavy snow fall area:

- For promoting natural drainage in heavy snow fall area: Install the unit high enough of the ground to prevent the unit from being buried by snow. Depending on the estimated snow fall in the area there should be 80 mm or more of clearance. (Ensure that the drained water runs off correctly and safely.)
- Allow enough separation distance between the product and the ground.



On the ground

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- Place the outdoor unit in the selected installation location (Step 1-1 on page 7), ensuring proper clearances and with the arrow on top of the unit pointing away from the wall.
- 2 Clip the rubber feet to the tabs to minimize sound and vibration to the structure.



- **3** Level the unit, then use anchor bolts to secure it at the four mounting points.
- 4 For installations in locations that require seismic or hurricane tie downs, comply with local codes.
- 5 If the selected location is exposed to strong winds, install a wind baffle around the unit so that the fan can operate correctly.

On a wall

/ WARNING

- The unit must be properly secured to the wall. If the unit falls, it may result in crushing, electric shock, fire, or explosion that could cause death, severe personal injury, or property damage.
- 1 At the selected installation location (Step 1-1 on page 7), attach the L-bracket to the wall as follows:
 - Install the bracket as close to the wall as possible.
 - Insert rubber isolators between the bracket and the wall to minimize sound and vibration to the structure. Do not fully compress the isolators.



- 2 Place the outdoor unit on the bracket, ensuring proper clearances and with the arrow on top of the unit pointing away from the wall.
- **3** Clip the rubber feet to the tabs to minimize sound and vibration to the structure.
- 4 Level the unit, then use anchor bolts to secure it at the four mounting points.
- 5 For installations in locations that require seismic or hurricane tie downs, comply with local codes.

Outdoor Unit Installation

Step 3-2 Connecting the cables and the pipes

- 1 Route the piping bundle to the outdoor unit.
- **2** Use piping clamps to fasten the piping bundle to the foundation or wall.
- 3 Cut the refrigerant pipes to the length needed to reach the pipe connections (located behind the cover panel; see the figure in step 7).



- 4 Remove any burrs, positioning the pipe face down to make sure that the burrs do not get into the pipe.
- 5 Assemble the flare connections on the cut pipe ends.



(Unit: mm)

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Outer diameter (D)	Depth (A)	Flare dimension (L)
ø 6.35	1.3	8.7–9.1
ø 9.52	1.8	12.8–13.2
ø12.70	2.0	16.2–16.6
ø15.88	2.2	19.3–19.7

ightarrow caution

- Keep the piping length at a minimum to minimize the additional refrigerant charge due to piping extension. (Maximum allowable piping length: 15 m (AR50F**C1***, AR60F**C1***) and 20 m (AR70F**CA***))
- When connecting the pipes, make sure that surrounding objects do not interfere with or contact them to protect them from physical damage and to prevent refrigerant leakage due to physical damage.
- Make sure that the spaces where the refrigerant pipes are installed comply with national gas regulations.
- Be sure to perform works such as additional refrigerant charging and pipe welding under the conditions of good ventilation.
- Be sure not to perform welding and piping works for mechanical connections when there is still refrigerant in the pipe.
- When reconnecting the pipes, make sure to perform flared-jointing newly to prevent refrigerant leakage.
- When working on the refrigerant pipes and the flexible refrigerant connectors, be careful that they are not damaged physically by surrounding objects.
- 6 Remove the cover panel on the unit.



7 Remove the service valve caps.



8 Connect the pipes to the service valve with the flare nuts. Hand-tighten the nuts to prevent stripping.



- **9** Torque the flare connections to the values in Step 2-3, step 7 on page 16.
- **10** Connect the power cables and secure with a cable clamp.



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- Connect the outdoor unit power supply cable to the preinstalled disconnect switch.
- **12** Leave the cover panel off for testing later in the installation process.

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Installation Inspection and Testing

Step 4-1 Performing a drain leak test

1 Pour water into the drain pan.



\triangle caution

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Installation

- Make sure that the water does not overflow onto the electrical connection.
- 2 Check for leaks at the drain connection under the cover panel.



3 Make sure that the hose is draining properly at the outdoor unit.

Step 4-2 Performing the gas leak tests

 Before starting leak inspection, use a torque wrench to close the cap for the stop valve. (Comply with a tightening torque for each size of the diameter, and tighten the cap firmly to prevent any leakage.)



Tightening torque for charging port cap (Refer to the table)

	Tightening torque	
Outer diameter (mm)	Body cap (N•m)	Charging port cap (N•m)
ø 6.35	20 to 25	
ø 9.52	20 to 25	
ø12.70	25 to 30	10 to 12
ø 15.88	30 to 35	
Over ø 19.05	35 to 40	
(1 N•m = 10 kgf•cm)		

 (\blacklozenge)

- 2 Insert inert gas (Nitrogen) into the pipes connected to indoor and outdoor units.
 - Strength pressure test : consists of checking the mechanical tightness of the various fittings and for this purpose it is necessary to raise the pressure by +10% compared to the normal working pressure shown on the machine's identification plate for 15minutes.
 - For example, in the case of R-32 which works at 39.0 bar the test pressure is 42.9 bar, then after 15 minutes it must be vented and brought back to 39.0. Since Nitrogen is an inert gas, it can be easily vented into the environment.
- **3** Test leakage on the connection parts of the indoor and outdoor units with soap lather or liquid.

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- Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.
- If a leak is suspected,all naked flames and any other possible ignition sources should be removed and the room should urgently be ventilated to prevent an explosive gas mixture from being created.
- If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

Step 4-3 Evacuating the system

The outdoor unit is loaded with sufficient R-32 refrigerant. Do not vent R-32 into atmosphere: it is a fluorinated greenhouse gas, covered by Kyoto Protocol, with a Global Warming Potential (GWP) = 675. You should evacuate the air in the indoor unit and in the pipe. If air remains in the refrigerant pipes, it affects the compressor. It may cause reduction of cooling capacity and malfunction. Use a vacuum pump.

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- When installing, make sure there is no leakage. When
 recovering the refrigerant, ground the compressor first
 before removing the connection pipe. If the refrigerant
 pipe is not properly connected and the compressor
 works with the stop valve open, the pipe inhales the air
 and it makes the pressure inside of the refrigerant cycle
 abnormally high. It may cause explosion and injury.
- 1 Leave the system in the standby mode.

/ WARNING

- Do not turn on the system! This is necessary for better vacuum operation (Ensure full OPEN position of Electronic Expansion Valve).
- 2 Connect the charging hose of the low pressure side of manifold gauge to a gas service port as seen in the picture.



- 3 Open the valve of the low pressure side of manifold gauge anticlockwise.
- 4 Evacuate the air in the connected pipes using the vacuum pump for about 15 minutes.
 - Make sure that pressure gauge shows -0.1 MPa (-76 cmHg, 5 torr) after about 10 minutes. This procedure is very important to avoid a gas leak.
 - Close the valve of the low pressure side of manifold gauge clockwise.
 - Turn off the vacuum pump.
 - Check for 2 minutes if there is any pressure change.
 - Remove the hose of the low pressure side of manifold gauge.
- **5** Set the spindle on the liquid and gas service valve to the open position.

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Installation Inspection and Testing

Step 4-4 Adding refrigerant (if needed)

The outdoor unit is charged with sufficient R-32 refrigerant to support up to a 7.5m line set. For lengths greater than 7.5m you must add 10g(AR50F**C1A** ,AR60F**C1*** model) or 15g(AR50F**C1B*,AR70F**CA*** model) of refrigerant per meter of additional length, after the lines are evacuated.

- Calculated the additional refrigerant required; Additional grams of R-32 = (Total line set meter -7.5) * 10g (AR50F**C1A**, AR60F**C1*** model) and 15g (AR50F**C1B*,AR70F**CA*** model)
- 2 Connect the common hose of the manifold gauge set to the inverted R-32 refrigerant cylinder.
- 3 Place the refrigerant cylinder on a scale set to measure grams.
- 4 Open the valve on the tank.
- 5 At the manifold connection, bleed the refrigerant to remove any air that may be present in the common hose.
- **6** Open the gauge manifold and charge the system with the amount of refrigerant calculated in step 1.
- 7 Close the gauge manifold valve, close the valve on the refrigerant tank, and remove the common hose.

Precautions on adding the R-32 refrigerant

In addition to the conventional charging procedure, the following requirements shall be kept.

- Make sure that contamination by other refrigerants does not occur for charging.
- To minimize the amount of refrigerant, keep the hoses and lines as short as possible.
- The cylinders shall be kept upright.
- Make sure that the refrigeration system is earthed before charging.
- Label the system after charging, if necessary.
- Extreme care is required not to overcharge the system.
- Before recharging, the pressure shall be checked with nitrogen blowing.
- After charging, check for leakage before commissioning.
- Be sure to check for leakage before leaving the work area.

Step 4-5 Important information: regulation regarding the refrigerant used

This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Do not vent gases into the atmosphere.

eal caution

- Inform user if the system contains 5 tCO₂e or more of fluorinated greenhouse gases. In this case, it must be checked for leakage at least once every 12 months, according to regulation No. 517/2014. This activity must be covered by qualified personnel only. In the case of the situation above, the installer (or authorized person with responsibility for final check) must provide a maintenance book, with all the information recorded, according to REGULATION (EU) No. 517/2014 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 April 2014 on fluorinated greenhouse gases.
- Please fill in the following with indelible ink on the refrigerant charge label supplied with this product and on this manual.
 - **1** the factory refrigerant charge of the product,
 - the additional refrigerant amount charged in the field and

Refrigerant type	GWPvalue
R-32	675
• GWP: Global Warming Potential	

Calculating tCO₂e: kg x GWP/1000



Unit	Kg	tCO₂e
(1), a		
(2), b		
(1)+(2), c		

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Installation

NOTE

- a Factory refrigerant charge of the product: see unit name plate
- **b** Additional refrigerant amount charged in the field (Refer to the above information for the quantity of refrigerant replenishment.)
- c Total refrigerant charge
- d Refrigerant cylinder and manifold for charging

\triangle caution

- The filled-out label must be adhered in the proximity of the product charging port (e.g. onto the inside of the stop valve cover).
- Make sure that the total refrigerant charge does not exceed (A), the maximum refrigerant charge, which is calculated in the following formula: Maximum refrigerant charge (A)= factory refrigerant charge (B) + maximum additional refrigerant charge due to piping extension (C)
- Here below, the summary table with refrigerant charge limits for each products.

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			(Unit:g)
Model name	qram		
	A	В	С
AR50F**C1AH*	775	700	125
AR60F**C1***			
AR50F**C1BH*	717.5	530	187.5
AR70F**CA***	1152.5	965	187.5

Step 4-6 Preparing the system for commissioning

- 1 Wrap the remaining refrigerant pipe lengths and connection points with foam insulation.
- 2 Wrap the unwrapped portions of the piping bundle with vinyl tape.
- 3 With the manifold gauge set still installed, open the isolation valves on the outdoor unit to connect the outdoor unit to the line set and indoor unit.
- 4 Remove the manifold set and vacuum gage.

Step 4-7 Commissioning the unit

The unit is commissioned using the Smart Install feature. Smart Install can be started only with the remote control. While Smart Install is running, you cannot operate the remote control.

- 1 Make sure that the air conditioner is in standby status (powered up with the controller in off mode).
- 2 Hold down the (()) (Power), (()) (Dry Comfort), and (()) (Max) buttons on the remote control simultaneously for 5 seconds.
- **3** Wait until Smart Install succeeds or fails (approximately 7 to 13 minutes).
 - While Smart Install is running:

Туре	88 Display	
Indoor unit indicator		
	The progress is displayed as a number between 0 and 99 on the indoor unit display.	

- When Smart Install succeeds: Smart Install ends with a ringing sound, and the air conditioner returns to standby status.
- When Smart Install fails: An error message is displayed on the indoor unit display, and Smart Install ends. To correct the problem, see the error table on page 28.

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Installation Inspection and Testing

Error indicator	Error	Measures for the installer to take
E 10 1	Communication error between indoor and outdoor units	Check the cables between the indoor and outdoor units. See if the power cable or communication cable is crossed.
C 12 I	Error on indoor temperature sensor	Make sure that the indoor temperature sensor is properly connected.
C 123 C 123	Error on indoor heat exchanger	 Make sure that the evaporator temperature sensor is properly connected.
C 154	Error on indoor fan motor	 Make sure that the evaporator motor is properly connected to the board.
		 Check for a foreign substance inside the unit that may be preventing the blower wheel from turning.
88, C 162, C 163	EEPROM/Option error	Reset the option codes.
6455	Refrigerant flow blocking error	Make sure that the service valves are completely open.
		 Check for any blockage in the refrigerant pipe that connects the indoor and outdoor units.
		Check for refrigerant leaks.
		• Check the cables between the indoor and outdoor units. See if the power cable or communication cable is crossed.
6554	Lack of refrigerant	 Make sure a sufficient amount of refrigerant has been added for a pipe that is longer than 7.5 m.
		 Check for refrigerant leaks between the valve and pipe connection.

Step 4-8 Performing final checks and trial operation

Stop the unit, disconnect the power, and contact Samsung technical support if any of the following occurs:

- The unit produces a burning smell or smoke.
- The power cable is hot or damaged.
- The unit is very noisy.
- Any foreign substance, such as water, has entered the appliance.
- The appliance becomes flooded.

- 1 Check the following:
 - Strength of the installation site
 - Tightness of pipe connection to detect gas leak
 - Electric wiring connection
 - Heat-resistant insulation of the pipe
 - Drainage

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- Grounding conductor connection
- Correct operation (Take the following steps.)
- 2 Press the (1) (Power) button on the remote control to check the following:
 - The indicator on the indoor unit lights up.
 - The airflow blade opens and the fan gears up for operation.

- 3 Press the important (Mode) button to select Cool or Heat mode. Then take the following sub-steps:
 - In Cool mode, use the Temperature button to set the set temperature to 16 °C.
 - In Heat mode, use the Temperature button to set the set temperature to 30 °C.
 - Check whether, approximately 3 to 5 minutes later, the outdoor unit starts, and a cool and warm air blows out.
 - After 12 minutes of stationary condition, check the indoor unit air treatment.
- 4 Press the ____ [Fan] button to check whether the airflow blades work properly.
- 5 Press the () (Power) button to stop the trial operation.

Pumping down for removing the product

Pump-down is an operation intended to collect all the system refrigerant in the outdoor unit. This operation must be carried out before disconnecting the refrigerant tubing in order to avoid refrigerant loss to the atmosphere.

🖄 WARNING

- After installing the product, be sure to perform leak tests on the piping connections. After pumping down refrigerant to inspect or relocate the outdoor unit, be sure to stop the compressor and then remove the connected pipes.
 - Do not operate the compressor while a valve is open due to refrigerant leakage from a pipe or an unconnected or incorrectly connected pipe. Failure to do so may cause air to flow into the compressor and a too high pressure can develop inside the refrigerant circuit, leading to an explosion or product malfunction.
- 1 Hold down the () (Power) button on the indoor unit for 5 seconds. Beep sounds immediately to indicate that the product is ready for pump down procedure.
- 2 Let the compressor run for more than 5 minutes.
- 3 Release the valve caps on High and Low pressure side.
- 4 Use L-wrench to close the valve on the high pressure side.
- 5 After approximately 1 minute, close the valve on the low pressure side.
- 6 Stop operation of the air conditioner by pressing the (()) (Power) button on the indoor unit or remote control.
- 7 Disconnect the pipes.

\land CAUTION

 Compressor damage may occur if the compressor is run at a negative suction pressure.



Maintenance Procedures

Repair

Performing the gas leak tests

In case of repair of the refrigerant circuit, the following procedure must be kept to consider flammability.

- 1 Remove the refrigerant.
- 2 Flush the system with nitrogen blowing for safety
- **3** Repeat the previous step several times until no refrigerant is within the system
- 4 Perform the repair work
- 5 Conduct a pressure test
- 6 Purge the refrigerant circuit with inert gas
- 7 Perform vacuuming
- 8 Charge with refrigerant
- 9 Perform leak test
- 10 Perform second leak test within one month

riangle caution

- Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used.
- Flush the system with nitrogen blowing, fill the refrigerant until the working pressure is reached, ventilate to atmosphere, and then pull down to a vacuum state.
- For the final nitrogen blowing charge, the system shall be ventilated down to atmospheric pressure.
- The procedure is absolutely vital in case of brazing on the pipings.
- Make sure that the outlet of the vacuum pump is not closed to any ignition sources and there is ventilation available.
- Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the air conditoner.

Component checking

- During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have power supply to the equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure safety while working on electrical components:
 - The casing shall not be modified because it can affect the level of protection. The corresponding modifications include damage to cables and seals, excessive number of connections, terminals that do not comply with original specifications, incorrect

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fitting of glands, etc.

- Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.
- Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to prevent the ingress of flammable atmospheres.
- Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
- During repair of safe component, Do not apply inductive or capacitance loads exceeding permissible voltage and current to the circuit.

Decommissioning

The following requirements must be fulfilled before and while taking the decommissioning procedure:

- Before decommissioning, the worker shall be familiar with the product details.
- The entire refrigerant shall be recovered safely.
- Before starting the process, oil and refrigerant samples shall be taken just in case analysis is required for reuse.
- Before starting the process, power supply must be available.
- Be familiar with the equipment details.
- 2 Isolate the system electrically.
- 3 Before starting the process, make sure that:
- Any mechanical equipment is available for handling refrigerant cylinders.
- All PPE (personal protective equipment) is available for servicing.
- The recovery process shall be supervised by a competent person.
- The recovery equipment and cylinders comply with the standards.
- 4 Lower the refrigeration system, if possible.
- 5 If vacuuming is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be easily removed from the parts of the system.
- **6** Make sure that the cylinders are placed on the scales before recovery.
- 7 Run the recovery system in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 8 Do not overcharge the cylinders. (No more than 80 %)
- **9** Be sure to keep the cylinder within the maximum working pressure, even temporarily.
- 10 After charging, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are promptly removed from the site and all isolation valves are closed.
- Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into other refrigeration system unless it is cleaned and checked.

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Sub PCB installation(optional)

(Wired remote controller, central remote controller etc.)

1 Turn the power off and take off the cover panel of the indoor unit.



2 Attach the Sub PCB to the Case Sub PCB.

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3 Assemble the Case Sub PCB to the indoor unit.



4 Find the PCB wire, and connect the wire to the Sub PCB as seen in the picture.



- 5 Connect the wire(remote controller, central remote controller etc) to the Sub PCB.
- Assemble the Cover PCB and the front panel.
 %If the Sub PCB is not installed, arrange the wire for multi system (connection) as shown in the illustration.



🖹 NOTE

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 The Sub PCB is attached to be controlled by the wired remote controller and central controller.

Installation

SAMSUNG